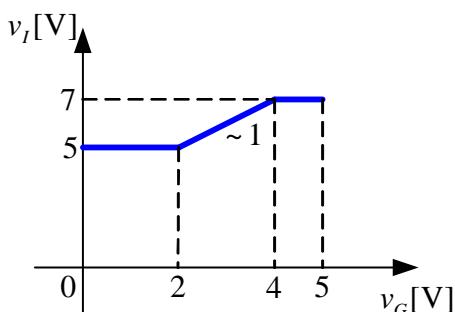


REŠENJA

2.

$$v_I[V] = \begin{cases} 5V = \text{const}; & \text{za } 0 \leq v_G \leq 2V; \quad D - OFF, DZ - \text{proboj} \\ v_G[V] + 3; & \text{za } 2V \leq v_G \leq 4V; \quad D - ON, DZ - \text{proboj} \\ 7V = \text{const}; & \text{za } 4V \leq v_G \leq 5V; \quad D - ON, DZ - OFF \end{cases}$$



3.

3) a)

DC: $A_D = \frac{R}{0.1R} = 10$

AC: $a_D = \frac{0.5R}{0.1R} = 5$

$v_I = -1V + 2V \sin \omega t$

$v_1 - v_2 = 100mV (-1 + 4\sin \omega t)$

$v_1 - v_2 = V_D + v_d$

$v_I = V_I + v_i$
 $= A_D V_D + a_D v_d$

b) JEDNOSNIERNO POJUČAK SE NE MENJA

AC ПОЈУЧАК:

$v_i = -5v_2 + \frac{R \parallel 1.1R}{0.1R + R \parallel 1.1R} \cdot \left(1 + \frac{0.5R}{0.1R}\right) v_1$

$v_i = \frac{0.52}{0.62} \cdot (-v_1 - 5v_2) = 5.03v_1 - 5.2v_2$

$v_i = \underbrace{5 \cdot (v_1 - v_2)}_{v_d} + \underbrace{(0.03v_1)}_{\text{одступаје}} \quad \text{од тачке а) одступаје}$

$v_I = -1V + 2V \sin \omega t + 3mV \sin \omega t$

$v_I = -1V + 2.003V \cdot \sin \omega t$

4. a) $I_{D1} = 430\mu A$, $I_{D2} = 330\mu A$, $V_{G1} = 0$, $V_{D1} = V_{G2} = 0.102V$, $V_{S1} = -0.98V$, $V_{D2} = 0$, $V_{S2} = 1,165V$
b) $a = 100.6$
c) $R_{ul} \rightarrow \infty$ $R_{izl} = 5k\Omega$